

Key Stage 3 Long Term Planning

Year 7 INTENT:

The year 7 RE curriculum follows the Lancashire Agreed Syllabus (2021) - 'The search for meaning' – what is it to be human? Pupils come to Moor Park from a range of primary schools and there is a great variety on what pupils have already studied. We base our expectations on the model curriculum of the Lancashire Agreed Syllabus but recognise that some children will not have learnt this. Our year 7 curriculum lays the foundation for KS3. We check that pupils have the knowledge of the major world religions and Humanism – and that they understand the academic approaches when studying these religions and world views. Year 7 is also the opportunity to build on their existing knowledge.

In the planning we have created opportunities for pupils to reflect on the material which will help their search for personal meaning. The planning provides an enquiry-based approach where at the centre is the question 'What does it mean to be human?' exploring answers offered by religion and belief. The exploration has focused on four areas: shared human experience, living religious tradition, beliefs and values and the search for personal meaning. Pupils will develop insight into their own sense of identity and belonging relating to communities, their place within them and with reference to their exploration of religious communities.

The theme question for year 7 as prescribed by Lancashire Agreed Syllabus is: 'where do we belong?' Do we need a sense of identity and belonging? There will be a focus question for each unit studied. Over the course of year 7, pupils will learn about symbolism in terms of symbolic images, symbolic actions (such as religious rituals) and use of symbolic language (in analogies, stories and metaphors). They will explore questions such as how important is belonging to the human experience? How does it contribute to a person's sense of personal identity? How do people express their belonging and commitment from a community? How important is this to religious identity and a way of life?).



Faculty Area: Humanities - RE

Year 7	Transition	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
rel	Vhat do we mean by eligion and world iews? (Thematic)	Faith and Justice How should we treat our neighbours (Christianity- Jesus?)	Faith and Justice How should we treat our neighbours? (Christianity – Jesus?)	Hindu Dharma: What might Hindus learn through celebrating festivals?	What does belonging mean to a young Muslim in the UK? (Islam)	How do Sikh holy days remind them of their faith? (Sikhism)	What is the Church? What does it mean to belong to the Church family? (Christianity: Church)	
is -W of -H rel -Ex rel de is s Co da to -Ex wo de	Explore what religion What the key features f a religion are How scholars study eligion Exploring whether eligion is really eclining or whether it is simply changing. compare statistics, ata and maps linked to this Explore where is the yorld religion is eclining and where it is on the increase.	-Jesus' life -Jesus' key teachings (Agape/Golden rule/Justice/great commandments – Link to Lent) -Miracles of Jesus -Christian communities/organisations who have worked against social injustice	-Christian individuals who have worked for Justice and love -How this reflects the teachings of Jesus -Non religious responses to who Jesus wasAssessment completion Hindu Dharma: What might Hindus learn through celebrating festivals? -Origins of Hinduism -Sanatana Dharma -Differing ways of understanding Brahman -Trimurti -Vishnu and avatars — -Impact on this on believer	-Divali – Rama and Sita /impact on the believer/link to dharma -festivals – impact on believer and communities Caused or chance? Ideas about the origins of the universe (Christianity, God and Humanism) -Genesis accounts of creation and the impact this has on the believer -Arguments for the existence of God -Cosmological/design argument -Non-religious views for the existence of God (Big bang/science) -Caring for the environment (stewardship/sanctity of life). Religious and non-religious views on this	-CAP 2 completion -Five pillars and how they unite the Ummah -Muslims beliefs abut identity and belonging to Allah and the Muslim community -How the teachings of the Qur'an and Hadith can give Muslims a strong sense of community -importance for Muslims to belonging to Allah, to the Ummah, to the Mosque and to the human raceHow belonging to the local and global Islamic community impacts on the life of British MuslimRespond to two examples of social action in Islam that connect to solidarity with other Muslims and the human race (A Muslim charity and the life story of an inspiring Muslim) -Consider and explain with reasons why it matters to every person to belong to bigger communities.	-Origin of Sikhism -Guru Nanak – life and teachings - link to Divali -Formation of the Khalsa -Vaisakhi -link with 5K's What is the Church? What does it mean to belong to the Church family? (Christianity: Church) -Worldwide church -Different denomination -	Importance of belonging to a faith community -Examples of how a Christian might express their belonging and commitment to a church community -Consider what human concerns and values might unite the worldwide community -consider the importance of shared beliefs and values to a community, and how these might lead to a sense of unityDiscuss the different ways that people might express their commitments to the communities they belong to	



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Skills	Transition book; 'Go Big' -Empathy -Curiosity -Responsibility	-To describe/explain life and teachings of Jesus -Describe some miracles performed by Jesus -Give personal view on miracles performed -Compare and contrast key teachings of Jesus -Reflect on own beliefs	- To create a cohesive opinion on beliefs about Jesus with justification -Compare and contrast religious and non-religious views on Jesus -Describe a Christian individual and Christian organization and link to Jesus' teachings -Describe Hindu beliefs about God -	- Describe festival of Divali - Reflection on festivals and what can be learned through celebrating festivals – Give opinion - Describe/explain religious and nonreligious accounts of creation - Explain Design and Cosmological arguments for the existence of God - Describe Christian concepts linked to the environment - Justify and give opinion on personal view on how the universe came about.	-Explore features of the five pillars -Describe what the 'ummah' means and its implications for Muslims -Explain how the Islamic community impacts on the life of British Muslim - Describe the impact holy books can make to the life of a believer -Reflection on Muslim charity and inspiring Muslim studied) -Compare Muslim teachings to personal views.	-Describe/Explain key features of Guru Nanak' life and teachings. Apply to the festival of Divali -Explain formation of Khalsa -Apply and connect to the festival of Vaisakhi -Explain and reflect on key Sikh teachings	-Describe/explain different denominations -Examine why and how different Christians express their commitment to communities -Reflect on what unites worldwide communities.	
Connections to previous learning		-Pupils are expected to have studied the basic concepts of Jesus' life including retelling the story of Jesus in the wilderness, at KS2.	- Pupil are expected to have studied some key beliefs such as sacrifice and sacrificial love at KS2. Some pupils may have also looked at some Christians who have shown examples of sacrificial love e.g. Oscar Romeo -Pupils are expected to have investigated some miracles and discussed what this tells us about the nature of Jesus Hinduism -Pupils are expected to have studied the story of Krishna. They will also have studied the basic beliefs about Brahman, avatars and the Trimurti. They will also have investigated what is meant by a festival, studied the festival of Holi and link this to symbolism and what this shows about Hindu virtue.	-Pupils are expected to have covered some festivals and their importance at KS2 linking it to relevant stories	-Pupils are expected to have covered inspirational role models/people for the world today (Christianity) - Pupils are expected to have covered the pillar of Zakat and the importance of charity at KS2	-Pupils are expected to have covered the core beliefs and values of Sikhism and how these might be expressed using clothing, symbols and worship at KS2	-Pupils are expected to have covered the Pupils diversity within Christianity by looking at differences in worship AT KS2. They will have considered different ideas about diversity within a community – and the importance of being respectful of difference. Pupils should know that there is one worldwide Christian community - the Church – but that there are many types of Christians and churches that belong to this. Pupils will have been given opportunities to explore the question of how people can live together well in modern Britain – and the value of being united in diversity.	



Assessment		Regular knowledge 'REcap' tests/quizzes linked to the PLC	Regular knowledge 'REcap' tests/quizzes linked to the PLC	- Regular knowledge 'REcap' tests/quizzes linked to the PLC	Regular knowledge 'REcap' tests/quizzes linked to the PLC	Regular knowledge 'REcap' tests/quizzes linked to the PLC	End of year exam
			Assessment 1: Who was Jesus?		Assessment 2: Cumulative test (Caused or chance? and what might Hindus learn through		
Homework	Piece 1: Key terms	-Piece 2: Pupil textbook tasks - Piece 3: Pupil textbook tasks - Piece 4: - PLC revisit	- Piece 5: Key terms - Piece 6: Pupil textbook tasks - Piece 7: Pupil textbook tasks (revision focus for CAP) - Piece 8: PLC revisit	- Piece 1: Key terms - Piece 2: Pupil textbook tasks - Piece 3: PLC revisit	celebrating festivals?) - Piece 4: Key terms - Piece 5: Pupil textbook tasks - Piece 6: PLC revisit	- Piece 1: Key terms - Piece 2: Pupil textbook tasks - Piece 3: PLC revisit	- Piece 4: Key terms - Piece 5: Pupil textbook tasks (revision) - Piece 6: PLC revisit
Cultural enrichment including Trips, Visits, Experiences, Extra- curricular		-RE drop in clinic (lunch) -Video/DVD clips – BBC teach/true tube/BBC teach class clips - Miracle maker clips	-RE drop in clinic (lunch) -Video/DVD clips - BBC teach/true tube/ BBC teach class clips -Documentary on Christian Aid -Hindu Artefacts	-RE drop in clinic (lunch) -Video/DVD clips — BBC teach/true tube BBC teach class clips -Hindu Artefacts -Richard Dawkins documentary	-RE drop in clinic (lunch) -Video clips – BBC teach/true tube/ BBC teach class clips -Documentaries on Inspiring Muslims/organisation -Islamic artefacts	-RE drop in clinic (lunch) -Video clips – BBC teach/true tube/ BBC teach class clips -Documentary – life of Guru Nanak -Sikh artefacts	-RE drop in clinic (lunch) -RE homework club (afterschool) -Video clips – BBC teach/true tube/ BBC teach class clips
Literacy	The ability to identify and Communicating key idea	s effectively. on skills and the ability to expre explanations	ss an opinion using supporting	evidence.	,		
Numeracy	Analysis and interpretation of map and statistics Drawing line graph on the decline/increase of religion	Time line of Jesus key events with numerical dates		Dates linked to big bang and Genesis accounts of creation	Working out 2.5% on a selection of numbers given - Zakat		Dates of origins of different denomination – work out differences in dates
CIAG		Miracles lesson Developing and writing a formal radio broadcast. How can we write effective broadcasts? Why is this an impotant skill? Which jobs require us to speak in front	Presentation Working in pairs/groups and present to peers learning on Tri-murti god researched?		Inspiring Muslim Developing and writing a formal speech. How can we write effective speeches? Why is this an impotant skill? Which jobs require us		



of others?	to speak in front of
	others?
	National Careers week
	activity: Employability skills developed by RE
	Where can RE take
	you?



Key Stage 3 Long Term Planning Year 8 INTENT:

The year 8 RE curriculum follows the Lancashire Agreed Syllabus- 'The search for meaning'. In the planning we have created opportunities for pupils to reflect on the material which will help their search for personal meaning. The planning provides an enquiry-based approach where at the centre is the question 'What does it mean to be human?' exploring answers offered by religion and belief. The exploration has focused on four areas: shared human experience, living religious tradition, beliefs and values and the search for personal meaning. Pupils will develop insight into their own sense of identity and belonging relating to communities, their place within them and with reference to their exploration of religious communities.

The theme question for year 8 as prescribed by Lancashire Agreed Syllabus is: 'What guides us?' There will be a focus question for each unit studied. These focus questions and units have been selected based on the intake of pupils and geographical location of the school. The first unit to be studied is 'what can we learn from religious leaders? In this unit pupils will learn the impact some religious leaders have had on religion and society. Jesus, Prophet Muhammed (pbuh), Moses, Buddha, and Mahatma Gandhi will be studied. The focus question for the second unit is 'what is the truth?' Pupils will investigate the meaning and truth within Christianity including studying the concept of God, the trinity, the Bible, different types of revelation, the afterlife, resurrection, miracles and the creed. Where possible, pupils will be given the opportunity to explore non-religious views e.g. non-religious explanations of miracles and religious experiences.

Faculty Area: Humanities - RE

Year 8	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Knowledge	What can we learn from religious	What can we learn from	What can we learn from	What can we learn	What can we learn	What is the truth?	
	leaders?	religious leaders?	religious leaders?	from religious	from religious	Christianity	
	(Christianity: Jesus)	(Christianity: Jesus	(Islam: Prophet	leaders?	leaders? (Hinduism:		
		Islam: Prophet Muhammad	Muhammad pbuh	(Judaism: Moses and	Mahatma Gandhi)		
	-Key events of Jesus' life	(pbuh)	Buddhism: Buddha)	Sikhism: Guru Nanak)			
	-Old Testament teachings on the						
	messiah	-Radical/revolutionary Jesus	-What can we learn from	-Key events in the life	-Key teachings of	-Modern miracles	
	What different Jewish groups thought of	-What can we learn from	Prophet Muhammed	of Moses	Mahatma Gandhi	studied	
	the messiah	Jesus?	(pbuh)?	-Key teachings of	including ahimsa and	-non religious	
	-Arguments for and against Jesus as the	-Key events in the life of the	-Similarities and differences	Moses	dharma	explanations of	
	messiah including non-religious views	Prophet Muhammed (pbuh)	between Jesus and Prophet	-What can we learn	-Impact and what we	modern miracles.	
	-Why disciples followed Jesus	-Key teachings of Prophet	Muhammed (pbuh)	from Moses?	can learn from him.	Apostles creed	
	-Gospel teachings	Muhammed (pbuh)	-Key events in the life of	- How is the Exodus		-holy week,	
	-Miracles as evidence for and against		the Buddha	remembered today? -		crucifixion and	
	Jesus as the messiah		-Key teachings of the	-Pesach	What is the truth?	resurrection	
	-Crucifixion and resurrection		Buddha including the		(Christianity)	-Alternative	
			universal principles, the	-Key events in the life	-Belief in God.	explanations of the	
			noble truths and the	of Mahatma Gandhi	Characteristics of	resurrection (non-	
			eightfold path		God and evidence	religious)	
			-What can we learn from		from scripture to	-Heaven and hell	
			the Buddha?		support this.		
					-Trinity: all three	-Revision for end of	
					aspects of the trinity	year exam	
					studied		



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					-Definitions and examples of special and general revelation from the Bible -Literal and metaphorical interpretation of the Bible -Miracles performed by Jesus and its validity -nonreligious explanation of miracles	
Skills	Explore/describe/explain: -Key events of Jesus' life -Most important events to Christians -Different accounts of the Crucifixion and resurrection of Jesus Examine: -Scriptures related to the Messiah -Jewish qualities of a Messiah -Arguments for and against Jesus as the Messiah Why: -Jesus suffered -Someone may want to follow Jesus (Disciples/Gospels) -Christians believe some events of Jesus' life hold more significance and relevance	Examine: -Sacred texts on what is revolutionary and/or radical about some of Jesus' teachings -Scripture linked to the key teachings of Prophet Muhammad (pbuh) -How the Prophet Muhammed (pbuh) was treated by people in Mecca and why? Explore/Describe/Explain: -Key events in the life of Prophet Muhammed (pbuh) -Key teachings of Prophet Muhammed (pbuh) including belief in one God and life after death Reflect/opinion: -What can we learn from Jesus?	Explore/describe/ Explain: -Key events of Buddha's life -Enlightenment/universal principles/four noble truths/eightfold path Compare/contrast: -Key events of Jesus and Prophet Muhammed (pbuh) Reflect/opinion: -What can we learn from Prophet Muhammed (pbuh)? Why? -What event has had more impact or is more significant? Justification of this	Explore/describe Explain: -Key events of Moses/Gandhisubject specific terminology i.e. sewa, pesach and exodus Examine: -Scripture linked to Gandhi/Guru Nanak's key teachings Reflection/Evaluation: -Do teachings of the Buddha and Gandhi have any relevance in the modern world? Arguments for and against this with a justified conclusion	Examine/Describe/ Explain: -Christian beliefs about God -Beliefs about the Trinity -Whether Christianity is monotheistic or polytheistic -Different miracles performed by Jesus -A modern miracle -What miracles teach Christians about Jesus and God -key teachings and impact of Gandhi Compare and contrast: -Special and general revelation -Different interpretations of the Bible (literal and metaphorical) -Different miracles -The Bible to another holy book Opinion/ Reflection:	Explain/Examine/ describe -What happened to Jesus? Resurrection, crucifixion -What is the Apostles Creed? -What happens when we die? Compare and contrast: -Different beliefs about the resurrection of Jesus Reflect/opinion; What do you think happens when we die?



					-Which miracle studied is personal favourite and why? -Do miracles happen today? Evaluate: 'The Bible was written by so many people that it cannot be true.'		
Connections to previous learning	Year 7 Spring 1 Jesus' life and teachings Crucifixion and resurrection	Muhammed's teaching on khalifah protection of the world Pupils should have studied some key terms, teachings from the Prophet Muhammad (pbuh) and the importance of Qur'an/ummah at KS2.	Life and teachings of Jesus	Year 8: Autumn 1 and 2 and Spring 1 Linking all leaders to see overall impact and what can be learnt from them?	Hinduism unit Monotheism and polytheism – recap on what the terms mean Year 8 – Autumn 1 Miracles	Year 8 Autumn term 1 Jesus -The basic concepts surrounding Easter and the events leading up to Easter should have been studied at KS2 End of year exam - revisiting all units studied	
Assessment	-Why is the crucifixion and resurrection so important to Christians? -Do you think Jesus was the Messiah the Jews were waiting for? Use evidence to support the points made	- Knowledge quiz linked to the PLC -Assessment 1: Extended writing: Who was/is Jesus?	-Knowledge quiz linked to the PLC -Similarities and difference between Jesus and Muhammed (pbuh) Assessment 2 – Prophet Muhammed (pbuh) and the Buddha	-Knowledge quiz linked to the PLC -A key question to be answered on Moses, Guru Nanak and Mahatma Gandhi. -End of unit multiple choice quiz	-Knowledge quiz linked to the PLC -Compare special and general revelation using examples. Which one has more impact and why?	-High stakes testing -End of year exam	-
Homework	Piece 1: Key terms Piece 2: Pupil textbook tasks Piece 3: PLC revisit	Piece 4: Key terms Piece 5: Pupil textbook tasks Piece 6: PLC revisit	Piece 1: Key terms Piece 2: Pupil textbook tasks Piece 3: PLC revisit	Piece 4: Key terms Piece 5: Pupil textbook tasks Piece 6: PLC revisit	Piece 1: Key terms Piece 2: Pupil textbook tasks Piece 3: PLC revisit	Piece 4: Key terms Piece 5: Pupil textbook tasks Piece 6: PLC revisit	-
Cultural enrichment including Trips, Visits, Experiences, Extra-curricular	-RE drop in clinic (lunch) -Video/DVD clips – BBC teach/true tube/miracle maker/Animated world faiths – Jesus/ BBc bitesize clips	-RE drop in clinic (lunch) -Video/DVD clips – BBC teach/true tube/Animated world faiths – Prophet Muhammed (pbuh)/BBC bitesize clips	-RE drop in clinic (lunch) -Video/DVD clips – BBC teach/true Tube/ BBC bitesize clips Animated world faiths: Buddha	-RE drop in clinic (lunch) -Video/DVD clips – BBC teach/true tube/ BBC bitesize clips -Prince of Egypt	-RE drop in clinic (lunch) -Video/DVD clips/ BBC teach/true tube/miracle maker/ BBC bitesize clips	-RE drop in clinic (lunch) -Video/DVD clips – BBC teach/true tube/miracle maker/ BBC bitesize clips	



Literacy	Reading for meaning and exploring interpretations				
	The ability to identify and discuss inference.				
	Communicating key ideas effectively.				
	The use of evaluation skills and the ability to express an op-	ninion using supporting evidence.			
	Key word definitions and application	miles demonstrate and extraction			
	Written descriptions and explanations				
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Numeracy	Recap dates and differences of Key	Chronology/ timeline on			
	events of Jesus' life	Prophet Muhamed (PBUH)			
CIAC	Misseles lesses		National Company would	Mahataa Candlai	-
CIAG	Miracles lesson		National Careers week	Mahatma Gandhi	
	Developing and writing a formal radio		activity: Employability	group research and	
	broadcast. How can we write effective		skills developed by RE	presentation.	
	broadcasts? Why is this an impotant			Research skills – what	
	skill? Which jobs require us to speak in		Where can RE take	does effective	
	front of others?		you?	research look like?	
				Communication and	
				spoken language	
				presentation in small	
				groups (linking to	
				interview skills and	
				formal talk).	



Key Stage 3 Long Term Planning Year 9 INTENT:

The year 9 RE curriculum follows the Lancashire Agreed Syllabus - 'The search for meaning'. In the planning we have created opportunities for pupils to reflect on the material which will help their search for personal meaning. The planning provides an enquiry-based approach where at the centre is the question 'What does it mean to be human?' exploring answers offered by religion and belief. The exploration has focused on four areas: shared human experience, living religious tradition, beliefs and values and the search for personal meaning. Pupils will develop insight into their own sense of identity and belonging relating to communities, their place within them and with reference to their exploration of religious communities.

The theme question for year 9 as prescribed by Lancashire Agreed Syllabus is: 'where can we seek the truth and find meaning?' There will be a focus question for each unit studied. The first unit to be studied is 'how should a British Muslim lead a morally good life? In this unit pupils will develop an understanding of the key Islamic beliefs about God and the importance of the Sunnah, Qur'an and the Hadith in guiding Muslims. They will investigate Islamic beliefs on how to lead a moral and charitable life. They will also explore differing attitudes and interpretations on what it means to be a Muslim in modern Britain, including issues such as modesty and the role of women. The focus question for the second unit is 'how should a British Christian beliefs about God and the importance of the Bible and Jesus in guiding Christians. They will investigate Christian beliefs on how to lead a moral good life?' Pupils will investigate the key Christian beliefs and interpretations on what it means to be a Christian in modern Britain including looking at Christian charities and the Church's response to world poverty. Lessons on 'how should a British Hindu lead a morally good life?' will also be taught looking at Hindu key terms such as karma, Hindu worship and ashramas. Where possible, pupils will be

Faculty Area: Humanities – RE

Year 9	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Knowledge	How should a British Muslim	How should a British	How should a British	How should a British	How should a British	How should a British
	lead a morally good life?	Muslim lead a morally	Muslim lead a morally	Christian lead a morally	Christian lead a morally	Christian lead a
	(Islam)	good life?	good life?	good life?	good life?	morally good life?
		(Islam)	(Islam)	(Christianity)	(Christianity)	(Christianity)
			How should a British			
	-Diversity in Islam; Sunni/Shia	-Ramadan/Saum – the	Christian lead a morally	- To understand the Lord's	-Festival of Easter: why	How should a British
	split	origins, benefits,	good life?	Prayer	and how it is celebrated	Hindu lead a morally
	-Belief about God/Tawhid/shirk	drawbacks and exceptions	(Christianity)	-Meaning, role and	-Role of the church in	good life?
	-Shahadah and Ten obligatory	-Why the night of power is		significance of sacraments	the local community	(Hinduism)
	acts	important to Muslims		for Christians	-Work of Church pastors	
	-Prayer (Salah) – How and Why	-Role and significance of	-Festival of Ashura: how	-Significance of baptism	-Place of mission and	-Understand the
	Muslims pray	Pilgrimage to Makkah/Hajj	and why it is celebrated	- Difference between	evangelism in the	Church's response to
	-Similarities and differences in	-Origins, influence and	-Teaching and beliefs of	infant and adult baptism	Church	world poverty
	prayer between Sunni and Shia	significance of Jihad	Prophet Muhammed	Eucharist and how it is	-Strategies to encourage	-Understand the work
	Muslim	-The difference between	(pbuh)	celebrated	Church growth	and motivation of
	-Zakat, what it is and why it is	greater and lesser Jihad	-Consider what it means	-Role and importance of	-The role of the Church	three Christian
	given	-Festival of Eid-ul-Fitr:	to live as a Muslim	pilgrimage, including	in working for	charities
	-Different types of Charity –	how and why it is		contrasting examples of	reconciliation	-Consider what it
	Lilah/Sadaqat as well as Zakat	celebrated		Lourdes and Iona	-Understand the	means to live as a
	and their benefits		Christianity	-Role and importance of	problems of persecution	Christian.
				festivals	of Christians	



	How does all the content above influence Muslims to lead a morally good life?	-Festival of Eid-ul-Adha: how and why it is celebrated -How does all the content above influence Muslims to lead a morally good life?	-Beliefs about God/Qualities of God -Different types of worship -Nature and use prayer and its significance	-Festival of Christmas: why and how it is celebratedImportance of Christmas and how this influences Christians today -How does all the content above influence Christians to lead a morally good life?	-How does all the content above influence Christians to lead a morally good life?	nonreligious/humanis t beliefs on helping charities and responding to world poverty. Hinduism -Ashramas - stages of life -key terms e.g. reincarnation - Hindu worship -Consider what is means to live as Hindu - How does the content studied influence Hindus to lead a morally good life?
Skills	Explore/Describe/Explain: -Concept of Tawhid/shirk -The first three pillars of Islam -10 obligatory acts Examine: -The importance of each pillar and how this influences Muslims today Compare and contrast: -Different forms of Charity -Salah within different branches of Islam Reflect/why: -How the content studied influences Muslims to lead a morally good life Why the pillars studied are of great importance to a Muslim	Explore/describe/explain: -The fourth and fifth pillar of Islam -Explain how the night of power changes the routine of many Muslims in Ramadhan -Different types of Jihad - Origins of Eid-ul-Fitr and Eid-ul-Adha and how they are celebrated. Examine: -The importance of each pillar and how that pillar influences Muslims today -Importance of the two festivals - Stories linked with each festival -How Muslims put jihad in practice in modern Britain	Explore/describe/ Explain: -Teachings from the Qur'an on the history of each festival -Some key teachings and beliefs of Prophet Muhammad (pbuh) -Some ways in which Ashura is celebrated -The importance of Ashura -The differences between liturgical and non-liturgical -Beliefs about God Examine: -Stories linked with Ashura -Biblical stories linked to the nature of God	Explore/describe/explain: -Lord's prayer and its significance -Describe how pilgrimage might strengthen someone's faith -Explain Iona and Lourdes -Importance of Christmas/pilgrimage Examine: -Similarities and differences in Gospel accounts of Jesus' birth Compare and contrast: -Contrasting ways in which the Eucharist is celebrated -Different types of baptism Reflect/why: -Why is pilgrimage an act of worship?	Explore/describe/ Explain: - Place of mission in the Church -How an evangelist may be different to a missionary -How does the parable of the sheep and Goat influence Christians? -The teachings that influence Christians -Explain the role of Jesus in reconciling people to God Examine: -What food banks and street pastors do -How can Christians help people reconcile? Compare and contrast:	Explore/describe/ Explain: -Explain two ways in which a worldwide Christian relief organisation carries out its mission overseasExplain Hindu terms -Hindu worship - Each Hindu stage of life Examine: -Link between the Hindu Key terms - Each Hindu stage of life Compare: -Different Christian Charities studied



	Evaluate:	-Scripture linked to	-Why might some people	Evangelism and	-Different Hindu
	- 'Greater Jihad is more	worship	say that pilgrimage is not	missionary	stages of life.
	beneficial than lesser		needed?		
	Jihad.'	Compare and contrast:		Reflect/why:	
	- 'Prayer is more beneficial	-Differences between		What does it mean to be	Evaluate:
	than Hajj.'	Sunni and Shia Muslims	Opinion:	live morally as a British	'The UK should leave
		on how the festivals	- 'The festival of Christmas	Christian?	poor countries to sort
	Opinion:	studied are celebrated	had lost its true meaning'		out their problems
	-Which jihad is easier to	-Different types of	- 'All Christians should be		themselves.'
	observe and why?	worship in Christianity	baptised'	Evaluate:	
	-Which festival has more			'Easter should be the	
	impact on a Muslim and	Evaluate:		happiest time of the	
	why?	'It is wrong to call Ashura	Evaluate:	year for Christians'	
		a festival'	- 'The most important	- True faith is shown	
	Reflect/why:		sacrament is baptism'	through helping the	
	- Why are the	Opinion:		persecuted.'	
	pillars/jihad/festivals	-Which festival holds			
	studied of great	more significance today		Opinion:	
	importance to a Muslim?	for British Muslims and		- 'Religion is not relevant	
	-How the content studied	why?		in the modern world.'	
	influences Muslims to lead	-Which type of Christian			
	a morally good life.	worship is more			
		meaningful to you/has			
		more impact and why?			
		Reflect:			
		-How easy or difficult is it			
		to be a Muslim in			
		modern Britain?			
		-Are Islamic values			
		compatible with British			
		values?			
		-What does it mean to			
		live as a Muslim?			
		-Nature of God in			
		Christianity and the			
		benefits/drawback of			
		this.			
Connections to previous	Year 8 Autumn 2 and	Year 8 Autumn 2 and	<u>Year 7 – </u>	Year 7	Year 7 -
learning Year 8 Autumn 2/Spr		Spring 1	Life of Jesus	Life of Jesus	-Social injustice
(Muhammed pbuh)	Prophet Muhammad	Prophet Muhammad			-Parable of Goat and
	(pbuh) Religious Leaders	(pbuh) Religious Leaders		Year 8 - Autumn 1 and	Sheep
	unit	unit		summer 2	Year 7 –
		Year 8		(Jesus –focus on	Christian Aid,
		Summer 1 – Belief in God		crucifixion and	stewardship
				resurrection)	
				,	Year 8 – summer 1



						Mahatma Gandhi – ahimsa/karma
						·
						End of year exam –
						revisit material from
						all units.
Assessment	-Knowledge quiz linked to the	- Knowledge quiz linked to	-End of unit diagnostic	Knowledge quiz linked to	-knowledge quiz linked	
	PLC	the PLC	test	the PLC	to the PLC	-Explain two ways in
	-comparing and contrasting				-Explain contrasting	which a worldwide
	questions on different pillars	Assessment 1:		Assessment 2:	ways on which the	Christian
	-Comparing differences and	How important are the five		How should a British	Eucharist is celebrated.	relief organization
	similarities within pillars from	pillars to Muslims?		Muslim lead a morally	-Explain why Pilgrimage	carries out its mission
	different branches of Islam(Sunni	•		good life (5 pillars and	is important to	overseas
	and Shia)			festivals)	Christians and why it	-knowledge quiz on
					strengthens their faith	Hinduism
					- 'Easter should be the	
					happiest time of the	End of year exam
					year for Christians.'	
					Evaluate this statement.	
Homework	Piece 1: Key terms	Piece 4: Key terms	Piece 1: Key terms	Piece 4: Key terms	Piece 1: Key terms	Piece 4: Key terms
	Piece 2: Pupil textbook tasks	Piece 5: Pupil textbook	Piece 2: Pupil textbook	Piece 5: Pupil textbook	Piece 2: Pupil textbook	Piece 5: Pupil
	Piece 3: PLC revisit	tasks	tasks	tasks	tasks	textbook tasks
		Piece 6: PLC revisit	Piece 3: PLC revisit	Piece 6: PLC revisit	Piece 3: PLC revisit	Piece 6: PLC revisit
Cultural enrichment	-RE drop in clinic (lunch)	RE drop in clinic (lunch)	-RE drop in clinic (lunch)	-RE drop in clinic (lunch)	-RE drop in clinic (lunch)	-RE drop in clinic
including Trips, Visits,	-DVD clips – BBC	-Video/DVD clips – BBC	-DVD clips – BBC	-DVD clips – BBC	-DVD clips – BBC	(lunch)
Experiences, Extra-	teach/true tube	teach/true tube/C4	teach/true tube	teach/true tube/songs of	teach/true tube	-DVD clips – BBC
curricular		documentary 'the greatest		praise	-clips on Trussel Trust	teach/true tube
		journey on earth/Hajj			and Street Pators	
Literacy	Reading for meaning and exploring	interpretations			l	
	The ability to identify and discuss in					
	Communicating key ideas effectivel	·				
	The use of evaluation skills and the		sing supporting evidence.			
	Key word definitions and applicatio					
	Written descriptions and explanation	ons I		I		
Numeracy	Working out Zakat (2.5%) of a				Statistical analysis of	
	given amount. How can the				food banks/homeless	
	distribution of this take place?				people and what	
	Present as a pie chart/bar graph				inference can be made.	
CIAG		Jihad lesson		National Careers week		
		'Teach your peers'-		activity: Employability	Persecution statistics	
		considering the skills		skills developed by RE		
		required to become a				
		teacher and to teach		Where can RE take you?		
		classmates about the Jihad				
		researched.				



Key Stage 4 Long Term Planning Year 10 SYLLABUS:

The GCSE RS curriculum aims to challenge pupils with questions of beliefs, values, meaning, purpose and truth enabling them to develop their own attitudes towards religious issues. Pupils will gain an appreciation on how religion, philosophy and ethics form the basis of our culture. They will develop analytical and critical thinking skills, the ability to work with abstract ideas, leadership and research skills. All these skills will help them with further studies.

The exam board AQA specification A (8062) is taught. Pupils sit two exams at the end of year 11.

Paper 1 is the Religions paper where the two religions studied are Christianity and Islam.

<u>Paper 2</u> is the Themes paper where students will study four different themes and then link in the two religions (Christianity and Islam) to the areas being studied. They will also explore non-religious views. The themes which will be studied are:

Theme A: Religion, relationships and families

Theme B: Religion and life

Theme D: Religion, peace and conflict Theme E: Religion, crime and punishment

Content to be delivered in year 10 will be: Islam Beliefs (Paper 1), Theme A (Paper 2), Theme D (Paper 2) and some content of Christianity beliefs (Paper 1). Christianity beliefs unit will be carried on in year 11

Curriculum Area:

Year 10	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Syllabus	Islam: Beliefs and teachings	Islam: Beliefs and teachings Islam Practices	Theme A: Religion, relationships and families	Theme D: Religion, peace and conflict	Theme D: Religion peace and conflict Christianity: Beliefs	Christianity: Beliefs Christianity Practices: revisit
Knowledge	Key Beliefs -The six articles of faith in Sunni Islam and five roots of Usul ad-Din in Shi'a Islam, including key similarities and differences -Tawhid (the Oneness of God), Qur'an Surah 112	-Risalah (Prophethood) Muhammad (PBUH) The Holy books: -Qur'an: revelation and authority, the Torah, the Psalms, the Gospel, the Scrolls of Abraham and their authority	Contrasting beliefs on the following three issues with reference to the main religious tradition in Britain (Christianity) and Islam: Sexuality Sex outside of marriage	Contrasting beliefs on the following three issues with reference to the main religious tradition in Britain (Christianity) and one or more other religious traditions: • Violence	Religion and peace-making in the contemporary world including the work of individuals influenced by religious teaching -Religious responses to the victims of war including the work of one present day religious organisation	Christianity beliefs Key beliefs -The oneness of God and the Trinity: Father, Son and Holy Spirit -Different Christian beliefs about creation including the role of Word and Spirit (John 1:1-3 and Genesis 1:1-3)



		1		T	
The nature of Angels, their role -Predestinating human freed relationship Judgement Authority -Risalah (Proincluding their importance of librahim	- Akhirah (life after death) - The imamate in Shi'a Islam: its role and significance	• Contraception -Muslim beliefs about marriage, divorce and remarriage. -The nature of families including the roles of parents, children and the elderly within a family. -Different types of families including nuclear, extended, step and same sex parent families. - Gender equality in Islam including the roles of men and women.	● Weapons of mass destruction ● Pacifism Religion, violence, terrorism and war -Contrasting views on violence -Reasons for war, including greed, self-defence and retaliationTerrorism -The just war theory, including the criteria for a just war -Holy war -Arguments for and against pacifism and religious views on pacifism Religion and belief in 21st century conflict -Religion and belief as a cause of war and violence in the contemporary world -Nuclear weapons, including nuclear deterrence -The use of weapons of mass destruction	-Role of religion in the 21st Century Christianity beliefs Key beliefs The nature of God: God as omnipotent, loving and just, and the problem of evil and suffering	Christianity practices (covering content unable to cover in year 9) - Festivals - Easter and Christmas -The place of mission and evangelism - Church growth -The importance of the world-wide Church
Skills Which one of following and Give two real and Explain howinfluer and Explain two of beliefs about and Questions lirt topics of the selection of of selection of other selection of contractions	following and Give two reasons and Explain howinfluences and religious Explain two religious beliefs about and Evaluate the following statement	Which one of the following and Give two reasons and Explain contrasting views on and Explain howinfluences and Explain two religious beliefs about and	Which one of the following and Give two reasons and Explain contrasting views on and Explain howinfluences and Explain two religious beliefs about and	Which one of the following and Give two reasons and Explain contrasting views on and Explain howinfluences and Explain two religious beliefs about and	Which one of the following and Give two reasons and Explain contrasting views on and Explain howinfluences and Explain two religious beliefs about and Evaluate the following statement



Assessment	types/skills will be given, or a question type/skill may be the focus of the half term depending on the need of the pupil/class.	Questions linked to the topics of the half term. A selection of question types/skills will be given, or a question type/skill may be the focus of the half term depending on the need of the pupil/class. -Knowledge quizzes linked	Evaluate the following statement Questions linked to the topics of the half term. A selection of question types/skills will be given, or a question type/skill may be the focus of the half term depending on the need of the pupil/class. -Knowledge quizzes linked	Evaluate the following statement Questions linked to the topics of the half term. A selection of question types/skills will be given, or a question type/skill may be the focus of the half term depending on the need of the pupil/class. - Knowledge quizzes	Evaluate the following statement Questions linked to the topics of the half term. A selection of question types/skills will be given, or a question type/skill may be the focus of the half term depending on the need of the pupil/class. -Knowledge quizzes linked	Questions linked to the topics of the half term. A selection of question types/skills will be given, or a question type/skill may be the focus of the half term depending on the need of the pupil/class. -Knowledge quizzes linked to
Assessment	- Knowledge quizzes linked to the PLC -Each topic identified in the knowledge section will be assessed with an exam question 4 mark and 5-mark question -GCSE past exam questions Assessment 1 Islam beliefs unit	to the PLC -Each topic identified in the knowledge section will be assessed with an exam question -GCSE past exam questions -Assessment 2: End of unit assessment (Islam beliefs and practices)	to the PLC -Each topic identified in the knowledge section will be assessed with an exam question -GCSE past exam questions -Assessment 3: Theme A and Christianity practices	- Knowledge quizzes linked to the PLC -Each topic identified in the knowledge section will be assessed with an exam question -GCSE past exam questions -Assessment 4: mid unit assessment and Islam practices	to the PLC -Each topic identified in the knowledge section will be assessed with an exam question -GCSE past exam questions -Assessment 5: One 12-mark exam question on Christianity beliefs	the PLC -Each topic identified in the knowledge section will be assessed with an exam question -GCSE past exam questions -End of year exam. All units covered from year 9 and year 10 to be tested
Homework	Piece 1. Key word task Piece 2. Revision guide task Piece 3. Memory recall task Piece 4. Revision guide task Piece 5. Revision for CAP Piece 6. Plugging the Gaps – acting on red PLC areas	Piece 1. Key word task Piece 2. Revision guide task Piece 3. Memory recall task Piece 4. Revision guide task Piece 5. Revision for CAP Piece 6. Plugging the Gaps – acting on red PLC areas	Piece 1. Key word task Piece 2. Revision guide task Piece 3. Memory recall task Piece 4. Revision guide task Piece 5. Revision for CAP Piece 6. Plugging the Gaps – acting on red PLC areas	Piece 1. Key word task Piece 2. Revision guide task Piece 3. Memory recall task Piece 4. Revision guide task Piece 5. Revision for CAP Piece 6. Plugging the Gaps – acting on red PLC areas	Piece 1. Key word task Piece 2. Revision guide task Piece 3. Memory recall task Piece 4. Revision guide task Piece 5. Revision for CAP Piece 6. Plugging the Gaps – acting on red PLC areas	Piece 1. Key word task Piece 2. Revision guide task Piece 3. Memory recall task Piece 4. Revision guide task Piece 5. Revision for CAP Piece 6. Plugging the Gaps— acting on red PLC areas



Cultural	-RE drop in clinic	-RE drop in clinic (lunch)	-RE drop in clinic (lunch)	- RE drop in clinic (lunch)	-RE drop in clinic (lunch)	-RE drop in clinic (lunch)
enrichment	-video clips – BBC	-video clips – BBC	-video clips – BBC	-video clips – BBC	-video clips – BBC	-video clips – BBC teach/true
including Trips,	teach/true	teach/true	teach/true	teach/true	teach/true	tube/documentaries on
Visits,	tube/documentaries on	tube/documentaries on	tube/documentaries on	tube/documentaries on	tube/documentaries on	topics studied/GCSE podcast
Experiences, Extra-	topics studied/GCSE	topics studied/GCSE	topics studied/GCSE	topics studied/GCSE	topics studied/GCSE	-AQA student revision guide
curricular	Podcast	Podcast	Podcast	Podcast	podcast	
	-AQA student revision	-AQA student revision	-AQA student revision	-AQA student revision	-AQA student revision	
	guide	guide	guide	guide	guide	
Literacy	Reading for meaning and ex	xploring interpretations				
	The ability to identify and d	liscuss inference.				
	Communicating key ideas e	effectively.				
	The use of evaluation skills	and the ability to express an o	ppinion using supporting eviden	ce.		
	Key word definitions and ap	oplication				
	Written description and exp	planation				
	Evaluation and justification	of opinions and different argu	uments			
Numeracy			Statistics on		Statistics linked to	
			marriage/remarriage and		peacemaking and	
			divorce. Analyse pie		organisations that help	
			charts/bar graphs and line		victims of war. Link to	
			graphs. Compare and		Zakat	
			contrast with countries			
			and religions			
CIAG				National Careers week	Careers in humanitarian	Revision skill lesson for end
				activity: Employability	work e.g. International aid	of year exams
				skills developed by RE	worker, working for NGOs	
					etc. students explore the	
				Where can RE take you?	different types of	
					international aid work and	
					the different areas	
					involved	



Key Stage 4 Long Term Planning Year 11 SYLLABUS:

Curriculum Area:

The Year 11 RS curriculum aims to build on the year 10 content where pupils make connections to their previous learning. The curriculum continues to challenge pupils with questions of beliefs, values, meaning, purpose and truth enabling them to develop their own attitudes towards religious issues. They will continue to gain an appreciation on how religion, philosophy and ethics form the basis of our culture. They will continue developing analytical and critical thinking skills, the ability to work with abstract ideas, leadership and research skills.

The exam board AQA specification A (8062) is taught. Pupils sit two exams at the end of year 11.

Paper 1 is the Religions paper where the two religions studied are Christianity and Islam.

<u>Paper 2</u> is the Themes paper where students will study four different themes and then link in the two religions (Christianity and Islam) to the areas being studied. They will also explore non-religious views. The themes which will be studied are:

Theme A: Religion, relationships and families

Theme B: Religion and life

Theme D: Religion, peace and conflict Theme E: Religion, crime and punishment

Content to be delivered in year 11 will be: Theme A (Paper 2), Theme D (Paper 2) and Theme E (Paper 2)

Year 11	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1
Syllabus	Theme A: Relationships and families Christianity beliefs	Theme D: Peace and conflict	Theme D: Peace and conflict Theme E: Crime and punishment	Theme E: Crime and Punishment	Revision:
Knowledge	Contrasting beliefs on the following three issues with reference to the main religious tradition in Britain (Christianity) and Islam: Sexuality Sex outside of marriage Contraception	Religion, peace and conflict Religion, violence, terrorism and war -The meaning and significance of: Peace, justice, forgiveness, reconciliation, Violence, including violent protest Contrasting beliefs on the following three issues with	Religion and peace-making in the contemporary world including the work of individuals influenced by religious teaching -Religious responses to the victims of war including the work of one present day religious organisation -Role of religion in the 21st Century	The treatment of criminals, including prison, corporal punishment and community service. Religion and Punishment -Ethical arguments related to the death penalty, including those based	Paper 1 Christianity beliefs Christianity Practices Islam beliefs Islam practices



	-Muslim beliefs about marriage, divorce and remarriage. -The nature of families including the roles of parents, children and the elderly within a family. -Different types of families including nuclear, extended, step and same sex parent families. - Gender equality in Islam including the roles of men and women. Christianity Beliefs Jesus Christ and salvation -The incarnation and Jesus as the Son of God -The crucifixion, resurrection and ascension Sin, including original sin -The means of salvation, including law, grace and Spirit -The role of Christ in salvation including the idea of atonement	reference to the main religious tradition in Britain (Christianity) and one or more other religious traditions: Violence Weapons of mass destruction Pacifism Religion, violence, terrorism and war -Contrasting views on violence -Reasons for war, including greed, self-defence and retaliationTerrorism -The just war theory, including the criteria for a just war -Arguments for and against pacifism and religious views on pacifism Religion and belief in 21st century conflict -Religion and belief as a cause of war and violence in the contemporary world -Nuclear weapons, including nuclear deterrence -The use of weapons of mass destruction	Religion, Crime and Punishment Contrasting beliefs on the following three issues with reference to the main religious tradition in Britain (Christianity) and Islam:	on the principle of utility and sanctity of lifeReligious attitudes to the death penalty - ForgivenessReligious attitudes to forgiveness -Religious teachings to suffering and causing suffering to others	Theme A: Religion, relationships and families Theme B: Religion and life Theme D: Religion, peace and conflict Theme E: Religion, crime and punishment
Skills	Which one of the following and Give two reasons and Explain contrasting views on and Explain two religious beliefs about and Evaluate the following statement Questions linked to the topics of the half term. A selection of question	Which one of the following and Give two reasons and Explain contrasting views on and Explain two religious beliefs about and Evaluate the following statement	Which one of the following and Give two reasons and Explain contrasting views on and Explain two religious beliefs about and Evaluate the following statement	Which one of the following and Give two reasons and Explain contrasting views on and Explain two religious beliefs about and Evaluate the following statement Questions linked to the topics of the	Rotation of practice question types linked to skills from throughout the whole programme.
	types/skills will be given, or a question type/skill may be the focus	Questions linked to the topics of the half term. A selection of	Questions linked to the topics of the half term. A selection of	half term. A selection of question types/skills will be given, or a	



		of the half term depending on the need of the pupil/class.	question types/skills will be given, or a question type/skill may be the focus of the half term depending on the need of the pupil/class.	question types/skills will be given, or a question type/skill may be the focus of the half term depending on the need of the pupil/class.	question type/skill may be the focus of the half term depending on the need of the pupil/class.	
Asses	ssment	-Knowledge quizzes linked to the PLC -Each topic identified in the knowledge section will be assessed with an exam question Assessment 1: End of unit assessment	-Knowledge quizzes linked to the PLC -Each topic identified in the knowledge section will be assessed with an exam question Assessment 2: Year 11 mock exam Paper 1: Christianity beliefs, Islam beliefs, Christianity practices and Islam practices Paper 2: Themes A, B, D	- knowledge quizzes linked to the PLC -Each topic identified in the knowledge section will be assessed with an exam question -Assessment 3: Theme D and Theme E	- knowledge quizzes linked to the PLC -Each topic identified in the knowledge section will be assessed with an exam questionAssessment 4: Year 11 mock exam Paper 1: Christianity beliefs, Christianity practices, Islam beliefs, Islam practices Paper 2: Theme A – Religion, relationships and families Theme B – Religion and life Theme D – Religion, peace and conflict Theme E – Religion, Crime And punishment	Practice exam question Knowledge quizzes
Hom	iework	Piece 1. Key word task Piece 2. Revision guide task Piece 3. Memory recall task Piece 4. Revision guide task Piece 5. Revision for CAP Piece 6. Plugging the Gaps – acting on red PLC areas	Piece 1. Key word task Piece 2. Revision guide task Piece 3. Memory recall task Piece 4. Revision guide task Piece 5. Revision for CAP Piece 6. Plugging the Gaps – acting on red PLC areas	Piece 1. Key word task Piece 2. Revision guide task Piece 3. Memory recall task Piece 4. Revision guide task Piece 5. Revision for CAP Piece 6. Plugging the Gaps – acting on red PLC areas	Piece 1. Key word task Piece 2. Revision guide task Piece 3. Memory recall task Piece 4. Revision guide task Piece 5. Revision for CAP Piece 6. Plugging the Gaps – acting on red PLC areas	piece 1- revision activity set by class teacher piece 2 – personal revision informed by PLCs piece 3- revision activity set by class teacher piece 4 – personal revision informed by PLCS piece 5- revision activity set by class teacher piece 6 – personal revision informed by PLCS
including 1 Experien	enrichment Trips, Visits, Ices, Extra- ricular	RE drop in clinic (lunch) -video clips – BBC teach/true tubeAQA student revision guide	-RE drop in clinic (lunch) -video clips – BBC teach/true tube/documentaries on topics studied/ GCSE Podcast -AQA student revision guide	-RE drop in clinic (lunch) -video clips – BBC teach/true tube/documentaries on topics studied/ GCSE Podcast -AQA student revision guide	-RE drop in clinic (lunch) -video clips – BBC teach/true tube/documentaries on topics studied/GCSE Podcast -AQA student revision guide	-RE drop in clinic (lunch) -video clips – BBC teach/true tube/documentaries on topics studied/ GCSE Podcast -AQA student revision guide



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Literacy	Reading for meaning and exploring inte	rpretations						
	The ability to identify and discuss inference.							
	Communicating key ideas effectively.							
	The use of evaluation skills and the ability to express an opinion using supporting evidence.							
	Key word definitions and application	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
	Written description and explanation							
Numeracy	Statistics on marriage/remarriage and		Statistics/percentages on crime,	Statistics/percentages on crime,				
rumeracy	divorce. Analyse pie charts/bar		prison offenders. Analysis based	death penalty. Analysis based on				
	graphs and line graphs. Compare and		on pie/bar charts.	pie/bar charts.				
	contrast with countries and religions		on pierbai charts.	pie/bai cilaits.				
	contrast with countries and religions							
CIAG		Where can RE take you?	KS5 taster sessions	Careers linked to crime i.e.				
6.716		Jobs/Careers linked to RE lesson	Nos taster sessions	forensics/criminology/Psychology				
		before pupils sit their first mock		Torensies/enminology/1 sychology				
		• •						
		exam.		National Company would nativity				
			Comment to be seen that the second of	National Careers week activity:				
			Careers in humanitarian work e.g.,	Employability skills developed by RE				
			International aid worker, working					
			for NGOs etc. Pupils explore the					
			different types of international aid					
			work and the different areas					
			involved.					